

elderly vascular geriatrics
Alzheimer's environment
cognition early onset
fronto-temporal research
memory old age
dementia
support
lewy bodies



NHS

Mersey Care
NHS Foundation Trust

Community and Mental Health Services

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Study

[Predictors of dementia misclassification when using brief cognitive assessments](#) A US study which examined 824 adults assessed by brief cognitive assessment suggests that dementia is often misclassified due to test specific biases, it was recommended that multiple test-specific biases and informant-rated cognition should be taken into account in clinical decision making.

Guidance

[Alzheimer's Society launches Dementia-Friendly Finance and Insurance Guide](#) The Alzheimer's society has released a guide which has been developed in conjunction with leading financial institutions, to help businesses & organisations support and empower people with dementia to manage their finances for as long as possible and to stay in work for longer.

Advice

[The Holidays and Alzheimer's](#) The Alzheimer's Association has released some basic guidance to assist people living with Alzheimer's, their families and carers manage festive celebrations and cope with the festive season in a positive way.

Review

[Help at Home - Use of assistive technology for older people](#) This review presents a selection of recent research on assistive technology for older people funded by the National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) and other government funders. The review focuses on research around the use of technology in the home, remote monitoring systems and designing better environments for older people.

Publication

[Evidence based nutrition and healthy ageing- time for a paradigm shift](#) This publication from the British Geriatric Society mentions correlations between high sugar diets and dementia in certain cohort studies and suggests recommendations to seek improve the diet and nutrition of the population to improve future health outcomes.

Paper

[Health of older refugees and migrants](#) This paper from the World Health Organisation suggests that there are higher burdens of mild cognitive impairment and dementia among migrant groups compared with majority populations. Research found that migrants are often diagnosed with dementia later, are prescribed and take medication to a lesser degree and are less likely to be admitted to nursing homes; they also have different views on end of life care compared with majority populations. These inequalities may reflect cultural differences, limited knowledge and awareness, previous negative experiences with personnel or systems and language barriers. The loss of second language (that of the country of destination) is of particular concern.

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